2 Ethanoic acid, CH<sub>3</sub>COOH, is used to make esters.

Some information about two of the processes used to make ethanoic acid is given below.

#### **Process 1**

This is a one-step process that involves the reaction of methanol with carbon monoxide.

$$\text{CH}_3\text{OH} + \text{CO} \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$$

The conditions used are 180 °C and 30 atmospheres pressure. A rhodium/iodine catalyst is used.

The percentage yield for this process is 99%.

#### Process 2

This involves the oxidation of naphtha, a fraction obtained from crude oil.

Liquid naphtha is oxidised using air at a temperature of 180 °C and 50 atmospheres pressure. No catalyst is needed.

A large variety of other products are also formed in this oxidation.

(a)	Suggest <b>three</b> advantages of making ethanoic acid using <b>Process 1</b> rather than <b>Process 2</b> .				
	[3				

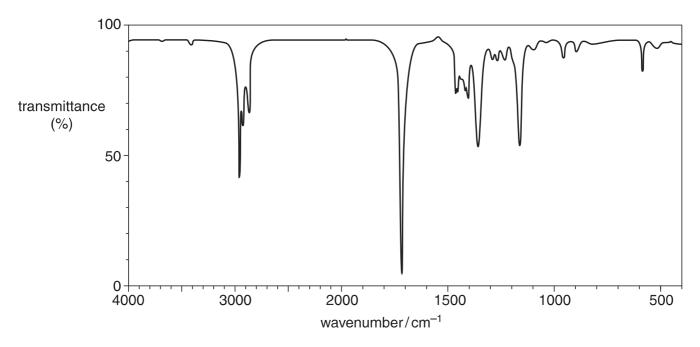
© OCR 2012 Turn over

(b) The other products formed in Process 2 are carboxylic acids, aldehydes and ketones.

A research chemist investigates some of these other products of **Process 2**.

(i) The research chemist isolates product, J.

The infrared spectrum of  $\mathbf{J}$  is shown below.



The chemist also finds that 0.172g of a pure sample of  $\bf J$  contains  $2.00 \times 10^{-3} \, \text{mol}$  of  $\bf J$ . Suggest, with reasons, **one** possible structure for  $\bf J$ .

In your answer you should link the evidence with your explanation.
[E]

	(ii)	The chemist isolates another product, the carboxylic acid, <b>K</b> .
		$\mathbf{K}$ has the molecular formula $\mathbf{C_4H_8O_2}$ .
		Suggest a possible structure and name for <b>K</b> .
		structure
		name[2]
(c)	Eth	anoic acid is used in the manufacture of the ester, propyl ethanoate.
		scribe how ethanoic acid is converted into propyl ethanoate. ude an equation in your answer.
	•••••	
	•••••	
		[4]
		[Total: 14]

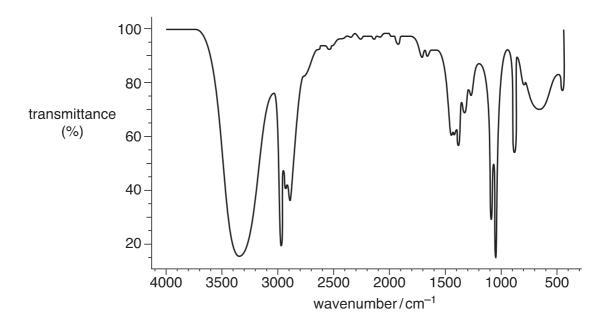
7 Compound **X** and compound **Y** react together to make an ester **Z**. Samples of **X** and **Y** were analysed by a research chemist. A summary of the chemist's results are shown below.

## Analysis of compound X

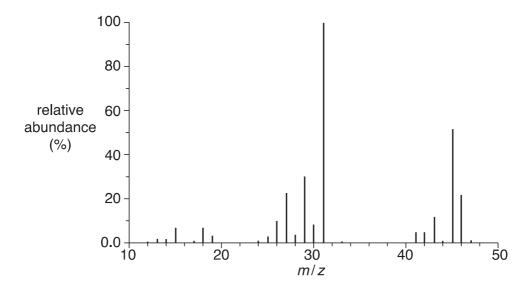
type of analysis	evidence
infrared spectroscopy	absorption at 1720 cm <sup>-1</sup> and a very broad absorption between 2500 and 3300 cm <sup>-1</sup>
percentage composition by mass	C, 48.65%; H, 8.11%; O, 43.24%
mass spectrometry	molecular ion peak at m/z = 74.0

### Analysis of compound Y

## infrared spectrum of Y



# mass spectrum of Y



Use this information to suggest the identity of compound  ${\bf X}$ , compound  ${\bf Y}$  and ester  ${\bf Z}$ .

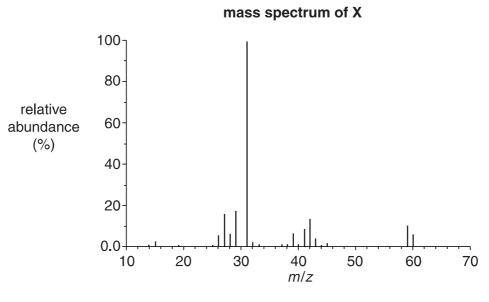
<b>V</b>	In your answer you should make clear how your explanation is linked to the evidence.

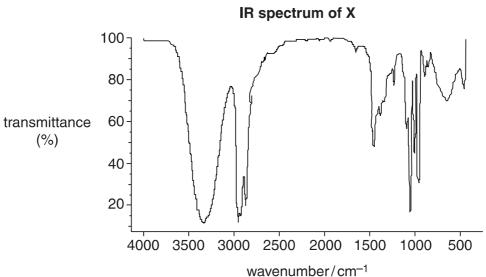
[Total:10]

8 Compound **X** is a saturated compound that contains carbon, hydrogen and oxygen only.

A scientist analyses a 1.00 g sample of compound **X** and finds it contains 0.133 g of hydrogen and 0.600 g of carbon.

The scientist also analyses compound **X** using mass spectrometry and infrared spectroscopy.





The scientist finds that compound  $\mathbf{X}$  reacts with ethanoic acid in the presence of a concentrated sulfuric acid catalyst to make compound  $\mathbf{Y}$ .

Compound Y has the molecular formula  $C_5H_{10}O_2$ .

Using all the information, show the structures of compounds **X** and **Y**. Include an equation for the reaction of compound **X** with ethanoic acid to make compound **Y**.

In	your answer you should link the evidence with your explanation.

	•••
	•••
	•••
	• • •
	•••
	•••
	•••
	•••
[1]	0]

[Total: 10]